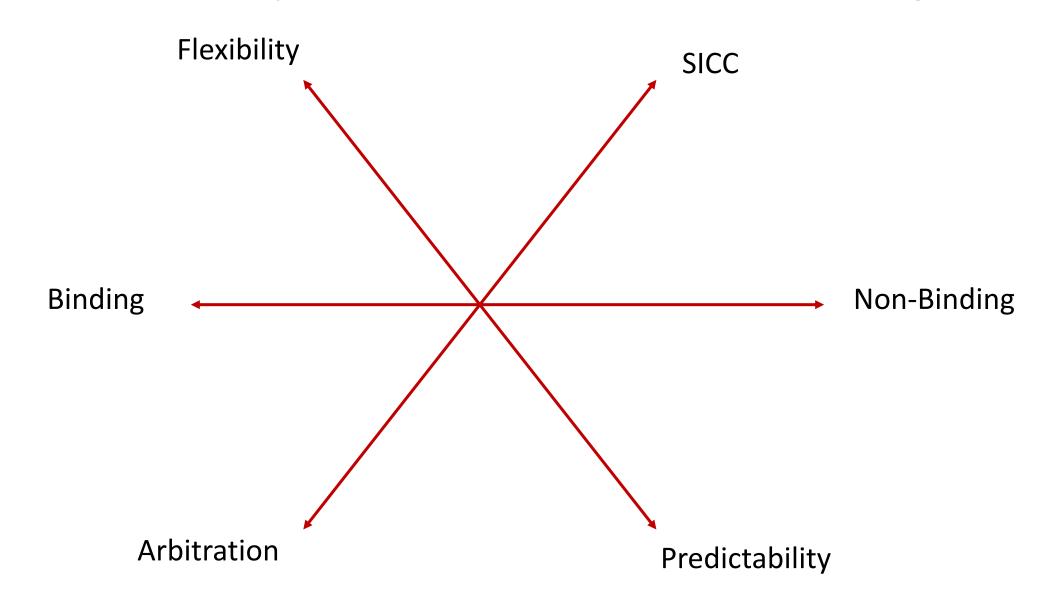




Professor Doug Jones AO



Alternative Dispute Resolution: A Balancing Act



- I. Binding ADR: Arbitration and the SICC
 - A. Exchanges of Case
 - B. Disclosure of Documents
 - C. Witness Evidence
 - D. Experts
 - E. Pre-Hearing Engagement
 - F. Main Evidentiary Hearing
 - G. Finalisation of the Award
- II. Non-Binding ADR: Mediation
 - A. Overview
 - B. Combining Mediation with Other ADR

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I. Procedure for Arbitrators and Judges

Swiss Watch



or

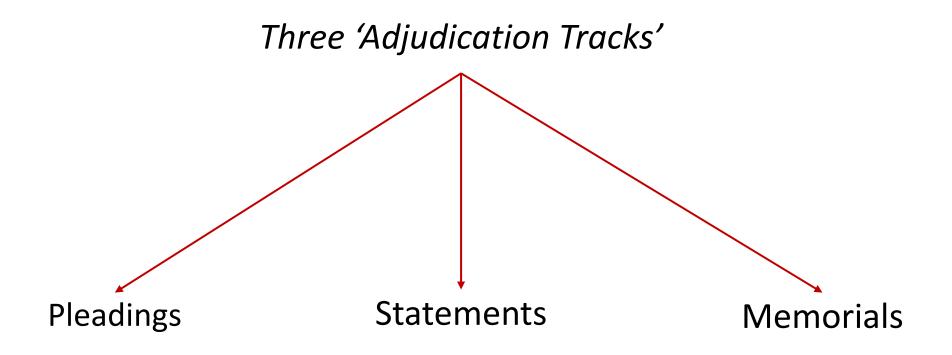


Arbitrators' (Judges') Toolkit

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A. Exchanges of Case in the SICC



A. Exchanges of Case in International Arbitration

One Spectrum

Traditional pleadings

Memorials with documents relied upon

Memorials, documents relied upon, factual witness statements, legal authorities

Pleadings with documents relied upon

Memorials, documents relied upon, factual witness statements

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B. Disclosure of Documents in the SICC

- A simplified disclosure process
- Powers to modify and dispense with disclosure procedure

SICC Procedural Guide (1 March 2023) Annex F

Case	number				
Case Title Application for					
		Further & Better Particulars Production of Documents / Interrogatories (Delete as appropriate)			
S/N	Α	В	C	D	E
	Category / Request	Issue / reference to pleading / affidavit/ witness statement	Applicant's submissions**	Respondent's submissions***	Applicant's submissions in reply to respondent's submissions
1.	(E.g. Minutes of Meeting of Board of Directors on 2 Jan 2021)	(E.g. Relevancy, Privilege) (E.g. paragraphs 13 to 15 of the Defence / paragraphs 3 to 6 and page 32 of the affidavit of X dated dd/mm/yy)			
2.					
3.					

^{*} Reference to the specific paragraph and/or page of a pleading or affidavit or witness statement should be stated. Parties are to categorise the requests and confer on points of agreement.

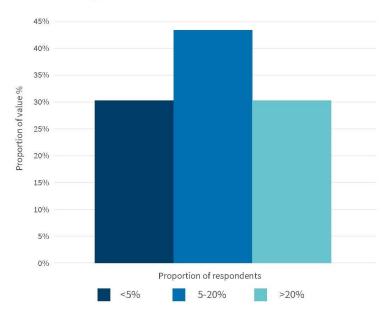
^{**} The applicant is to state the applicant's submissions.

^{***}The respondent is to state the respondent's submissions. Where the respondent agrees to the request, the respondent may state so in this column.

B. Disclosure of Documents in International Arbitration

ACICA, 2023 Evidence in International
Arbitration Report (6 September 2023)
p 30

Fig. 21: Proportion of value in dispute spent on documentary evidence



How to live through the Redfern nightmare...

- International guidelines don't solve the problem (IBA Rules, Prague Rules)
- Requests for the experts
- CMCs to explain the need for documents, including the experts

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C. Witness Evidence in the SICC

- Evidence-in-chief by witness statement
- Affidavits where required in law or ordered by the Court
- Flexibility regarding rules of evidence



C. Witness Evidence in International Arbitration

- 'Did you really write this?'
- Guidance for counsel a protocol adapting the Practice Direction on Trial Witness Statements in the English Business and Property Courts
- Keep submissions out of them!
- Do not repeat documents that speak for themselves

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D. Experts in the SICC

No expert evidence without permission

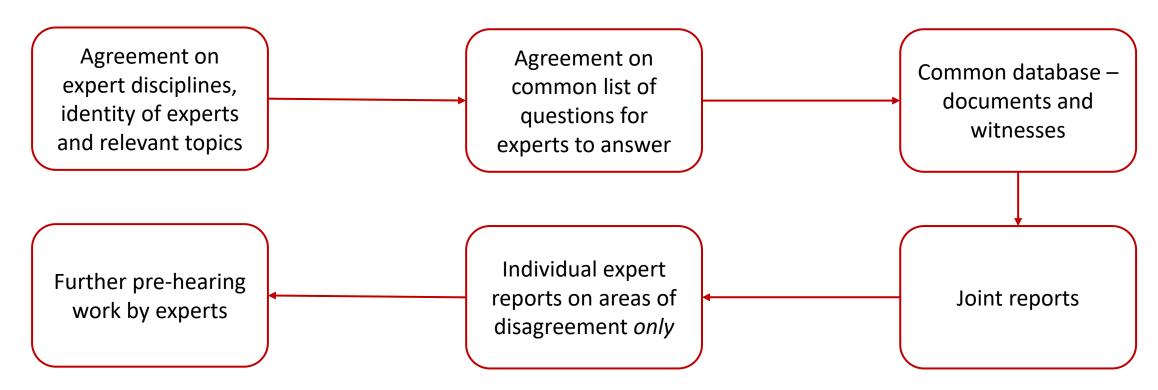
Amicus curiae ('independent counsel')

Parties agree on list of issues and agreed facts

Expert reports then prepared

D. Experts in International Arbitration

- Party vs tribunal appointment?
- Hired guns how to take away the guns?
- Tribunal proactivity leading to the 'hot tub'



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E. Pre-Hearing Engagement in the SICC

Provisions for CMCs:

A case management conference will be held as provided in these Rules or at any time the Court thinks appropriate.

— SICC Rules 2021, O 9 r 1(1)

E. Pre-Hearing Engagement in International Arbitration

Issues (Midstream) CMCs

- Usually after first round of parties' cases, tribunal summarises the issues
- That summary is discussed with the parties at the midterm CMC
- Schedule of issues prepared by tribunal is updated by the parties thereafter, indicating where to find factual, expert and documentary evidence relating to each issue
- This involves some hard work by the tribunal

What does this achieve?

- An educated tribunal
- An ongoing reference for each issue leading into the hearing
- Assistance with limiting the reply evidence to what is material

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F. Main Evidentiary Hearing in the SICC

- The Court has control over the conduct of all trials, including:
 - Identifying / limiting issues to which factual evidence may be directed
 - Identifying witnesses to be called
 - Exchange of written closing submissions
 - Making of oral closing submissions
 - Limiting time?

F. Main Evidentiary Hearing in International Arbitration

- Pre-Hearing CMC well before the hearing
- Time management limited time chess-clock hearings

Chess-clock procedures: 'for adults only'*



^{*} Jan Paulsson, 'The Timely Arbitrator: Reflections on the Böckstiegel Method' (2006) 22(1) *Arbitration International* 19, 22

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G. Finalisation of the Judgment in the SICC

Bifurcation of liability and quantum

G. Finalisation of the Award in International Arbitration

Post-Hearing Expert Access Protocol

- Tribunal given 'access' to two quantum experts
- Tribunal to consult experts on a confidential basis to perform calculations, on the basis of:
 - i. Materials and methodologies already in the evidentiary record
 - ii. Factual assumptions as provided by the Tribunal

For the avoidance of doubt, the Arbitral Tribunal will not engage in confidential communications with the Quantum Experts on matters requiring an expert opinion, rather than the performance of calculations.

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A. Overview of Mediation

[A] process, irrespective of the expression used or the basis upon which the process is carried out, whereby parties attempt to reach an amicable settlement of their dispute with the assistance of a third person or persons ('the mediator') lacking the authority to impose a solution upon the parties to the dispute.*



^{*} United Nations Convention on International Settlement Agreements Resulting from Mediation, opened for signature 7 August 2019 (entered into force 12 September 2020) Article 2(3)

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B. Combining Mediation with Other ADR

1. Encouragement of mediation by judge or arbitrator

- SICC LML Framework
- SIAC Arb-Med-Arb Clause
- 'Pause' provision in procedural orders?

2. Facilitation of settlement by judge or arbitrator

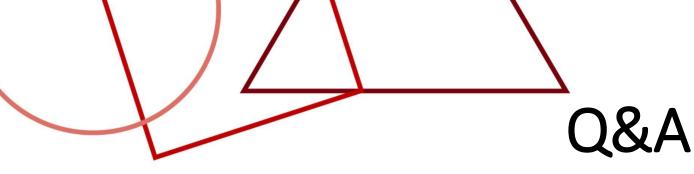
- The Chinese experience
- Doing this in arbitration?
 - Lessons from the ICC Commission's Report on Facilitating Settlement in International Arbitration (July 2023)



Conclusion

Flexibility

is the key to
effective
international dispute resolution







Professor Doug Jones AO www.dougjones.info



Link to full paper (available at www.dougjones.info/publications)